Daring leaders who live into their values are never silent about hard things.

when we're trying to be really brave, can be confusing and overwhelming: distractions, noise, a rapidly blinking Exit sign that promises immediate relief from the discomfort, and the cynics in the stands. In those tough matches, when the critics are being extra loud and rowdy, it's easy to start hustling—to try to prove, perfect, perform, and please. God knows these are my four big p's. We can either hustle to show the crowd that we deserve to be there, or we can let them scare us off. Either way, it's easy to let them get in our head and hijack our efforts.

In those moments when we start putting other voices in front of our own, we forget what made us go into the arena in the first place, the reason we're there. We forget our values. Or, frequently, we don't even know what they are or how to name them. If we do not have clarity of values, if we don't have anywhere else to look or

focus, if we don't have that light up above to remind us why we're there, the cynics and the critics can bring us to our knees.

More often than not, our values are what lead us to the arena door—we're willing to do something uncomfortable and daring because of our beliefs. And when we get in there and stumble or fall, we need our values to remind us why we went in, especially when we are facedown, covered in dust and sweat and blood.

Here's the thing about values: While courage requires checking our armor and weapons at the arena door, we do not have to enter every tough conversation and difficult rumble completely empty-handed.

The daring leaders we interviewed were never empty-handed in the arena. In addition to rumble skills and tools, they always carried with them clarity of values. This clarity is an essential support, a North Star in times of darkness.

According to the *Oxford English Dictionary*, values are "principles or standards of behaviour; one's judgment of what is important in life." In our work, I simplify the definition: A *value* is a way of being or believing that we hold most important.

Living into our values means that we do more than profess our values, we practice them. We walk our talk—we are clear about what we believe and hold important, and we take care that our intentions, words, thoughts, and behaviors align with those beliefs.

Living into our values requires some upfront work—contemplation that most of us have never taken the time to do. And, as much as I don't want to make this part feel like a work-book, it's going to be work-in-a-book. I'll take you through the five steps and share some of my experiences (good and bad), so if you hang with me, after a few short pages, I bet you'll know more about yourself and how to live into your values than you do right

Step One: We Can't Live into Values That We Can't Name

The first step of living into our values is divining what's most important to us. What is our North Star? What values do we hold most sacred? We can't work to stay aligned with values when we haven't spent any time getting curious about, or naming, what we care about most.

When I facilitate this work in organizations, I always get this question: "Do you want me to identify my professional values or my personal values?" Here's the rub: We have only one set of values. We don't shift our values based on context. We are called to live in a way that is aligned with what we hold most important regardless of the setting or situation. This, of course, is the challenge of living into our values: those moments when our values are in conflict with the values of our organization, our friends, a stranger in line at the grocery store or polling station, or even our family.

Below is the list of values that we use in our work. As you can see, there are blank spaces for you to write in values that we may not have included. The task is to pick the two that you hold most important. I know this is tough, because almost everyone we've done this work with (including me) wants to pick somewhere between ten and fifteen. I can soften the blow by suggesting that you start by circling those fifteen. But you can't stop until you're down to two core values.

Here's why: The research participants who demonstrated the most willingness to rumble with vulnerability and practice courage tethered their behavior to one or two values, not ten. This makes sense for a couple of reasons. First, I see it the same way that I see Jim Collins's mandate "If you have more than three priorities, you have no priorities." At some point, if everything on the list is important, then nothing is truly a driver for you. It's just a gauzy list of feel-good words.

Authenticity Ambition Altruism Adventure Adaptability Achievement Accountability Belonging Beauty Balance Being the best

Honesty

Humor Humility Hope

Inclusion

Collaboration Caring Commitment Career Confidence Competence Compassion Community Connection

Intuition

Integrity Initiative

Courage Cooperation Contribution

Contentment

Knowledge Kindness Justice

Dignity Curiosity Creativity

Loyalty Love Leisure Legacy Learning Leadership

Nature

Diversity Environment

Efficiency Equality

> Optimism Openness

Excellence Ethics

Faith Fairness

> Patriotism Patience Parenting

Financial stability Family

Perseverance

Giving back Future generations Forgiveness Generosity

Personal fulfillment

Home Health Harmony Growth Gratitude Grace Safety

Write your own:

Job security Independence Making a difference Responsibility Self-expression Self-discipline Reliability Self-respect Security Risk taking Resourcefulness Recognition Trust Time Thrift Sportsmanship Simplicity Truth Travel Tradition Teamwork Success Stewardship Spirituality Service Serenity Wholeheartedness Well-being Wealth Vulnerability Usefulness Uniqueness Understanding

> cess: My two core values are where all of the "second tier" circled come to the same conclusion that I did with my own values prothis work, and when people are willing to stay with the process values are tested. long enough to whittle their big list down to two, they always Second, I've taken more than ten thousand people through

life, my commitment to them is fueled by my faith and my courage realized that while my family is the most important thing in my faith and courage. I hated not circling "family." But as I dug in, I Here's how that works in my life: My two central values are

age and faith. It may be different for you, but I have to be brave what's right for me, there will be other opportunities. Sometimes me. I also need the strength of my faith to remind me that if I do enough to say no and not let the fear that someone might think because I don't want to miss driving carpool, I lean into my courmy prayer is simply If I miss the boat, it wasn't my boat. I'm being ungrateful for not taking the opportunity get the best of For example, when I say no to an exciting work opportunity

a choice—they are simply a definition of who we are in our lives not just professing them. over what's fun, fast, or easy; and it's practicing your values. choosing courage over comfort; it's choosing what's right right, right now, over what is easy. Because that is integrity-In those hard moments, we know that we are going to pick what's ble, so precise and clear and unassailable, that they don't feel like Our values should be so crystallized in our minds, so infalli-

fill you with a feeling of purpose. As you read them, you should tant and dear to you, that help you find your way in the dark, that that have never felt true for you words that resemble something you've been coached to be, words feel a deep resonance of self-identification. Resist holding on to Choose one or two values-the beliefs that are most impor-

Is this a filter that I use to make hard decisions? Is this who I am at my best? Does this define me? Ask yourself:

Step Two: Taking Values from BS to Behavior

actually practice one. It can be infuriating, and it's not just indiemployees and hold them accountable. Ten percent. (And yes, I've teachable and observable behaviors that are used to train their viduals who fall short of the talk. In our experience, only about ues is that everyone talks a big values game but very few people taken to the occasional "izing" of words.) The reason we roll our eyes when people start talking about val-10 percent of organizations have operationalized their values into

values at all. They become a joke. A cat poster. Total BS for staying aligned with the values-it's better not to profess any then create a culture in which you hold one another accountable they need to show up in a way that's aligned with those values and ideals to behaviors—if you're not going to teach people the skills If you're not going to take the time to translate values from

need to define three or four behaviors that support our values and enough to force us to think beyond what's easy and not so many explicit. There's no magic in three or four behaviors-it's just tempted to do even though they are counter to our values. And get that we're just making a list. three or four "slippery behaviors"-actions we find ourselves In this second step of the Living into Our Values process, we

ups on social media around social justice issues. People will leave aligned with your values. For example, I often find myself in dustments when you either did or did not show up in a way that felt The best way to do this is to think through some arena mo-

> even show up at my public events during the Q&A sessions. comments like "Stick to the writing-immigration isn't your issue," or "Stop talking about race so much." These sentiments

choosing my voice over my comfort. courage is one of my key values, and for me to feel physically, emoshoot you a dirty look and walk away. I say something because that stuff around me. I don't do this out of self-righteousness or tionally, and spiritually okay, courage insists that I honor it by being "better than"-trust me, there are times when I'd rather just find racist, or sexist, or homophobic, even if other people are my beliefs. If you say something to me, or in front of me, that I laughing, I'm not going to laugh. I'm going to ask you not to say My value of courage calls on me to stand up and speak out for

write about it and post about it on social media. If you leave a liked by everyone. right. It's not my job to make others more comfortable or to be of my courage behaviors is Don't choose silence over what is community, I'm going to delete it and ban you from my page. One shaming comment or you're hateful toward me or anyone in my If there's an issue that I feel passionate about, I'm going to

didn't last more than a day. I quickly turned into someone I didn't God in the face of people I like and with whom I agree, but that time-suck. And no fun at all. I tried reworking faith to be finding them accountable. Blame is so easy and accountability is such a ideas. Rather than shaming and blaming people, I have to hold That means rather than hating people, I have to hate only their of my faith behaviors is to find the face of God in everyone. Ugh. like—I couldn't find God in myself. Faith has been so tough for me over the past year because one

guage. I've been living into this value for close to twenty years, Another one of my faith behaviors is no dehumanizing lan-

izing language because "we're the good guys." thing to someone who shares my politics and justifies dehumanmedia sabbaticals. It's the most difficult when I have to say someside of the aisle. I cringe a lot and I have to take regular social and now I cringe when I hear anything dehumanizing from either

scared a lot. We all are. I can push and cajole them before they break. I'm imperfect and voicing what we believe. I test my values all the time. I see how far all know what it feels like to stay silent and comfortable instead of We all know what it feels like to walk outside our values. We

league has a partner or parent or child who has been hurt or ourselves that it's too embarrassingly late to make the call. walk past the phone so many times that we eventually convince see how we can support. But rather than doing that, we zigzag; we killed. And we know that we need to make a call to check in and has happened to someone in our lives-maybe a friend or a col-But think about those moments when something really hard

pain and don't look away. something my mom taught us growing up: Show up for people in call, and we run into that colleague or friend two or three weeks dinner, I'll call later." Several hours go by. "You know what, it's pletely outside our integrity. On my list of courage behaviors is later at the grocery store? Most of us feel shame, and we feel comwhen it's quieter." And what do we feel when we never make that ing: "I bet they still have a lot of family over. I'll call in a few days bedtime, I'm going to call tomorrow." You wake up the next morn-It starts with "Okay, I should call, but they're probably eating

and how missing the opportunity to do or say something was a turning off the car while thinking about what I did, or didn't do, onds of discomfort any day over pulling in to my driveway and daring leaders I've interviewed, I will pick those five to ten sec-From my experience and from what I've learned from the

> Choose courage over comfort. betrayal of what I value most. Another courage behavior for me:

I always think of George Strait's "Amarillo by Morning" onds!" So now, when I know something hard is "fixin' to happen," months of tracking it, I landed on eight seconds. In most situa-"Oh, my God! It's like riding a bull! You have to make it eight sections, there are eight seconds of intense discomfort. I told Steve, the intense, in-the-moment discomfort lasts. After a couple of discomfort. I did an experiment several years ago to see how long And I'll share a little hack with you about those seconds of

When they pull that gate. But I'll be looking for eight

The discomfort may linger long after, but the hardest part of the help you think through operationalizing your values. ride has settled down. Below are some questions and prompts to I mean, c'mon. We can do anything for eight seconds, right?

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- 1. What are three behaviors that support your value?
- 2. What are three slippery behaviors that are outside your
- 3. What's an example of a time when you were fully living into this value.

- 1. What are three behaviors that support your value?
- 2. What are three slippery behaviors that are outside your
- 3. What's an example of a time when you were fully living into this value?

One of the greatest challenges during our arena moments is the people in the stands, specifically the hardened season ticket holders who show up whether it's rain, shine, or sleet. The arena is full of seats, but these are the seats we choose to focus on. Shame has two of those season tickets. Gremlins travel in pairs so they can squeeze you from both sides: *Not good enough* and *Who do you think you are?* Scarcity and comparison are also in seats close by. Scarcity is the voice of "Never enough time, money, love, attention...," and comparison brings "Look how other people are doing it so much better than you."

The box seats are the privileged seats. They are filled with the people who built the arena. And they built that arena to benefit the people who look like them in terms of race, class, sexual orientation, ability, and status. These people have already determined your odds based on stereotypes, misinformation, and fear. And we have to acknowledge this and talk about it. Regardless of the values you pick, daring leaders who live into their values are never silent about hard things.

There is an incredibly important, uncomfortable, and brave discussion that every single leader and every organization in the world should be having about privilege. The truth is, when I walk into the arena, I do not have the same experience as other people walking into the same arena. I'm white, I'm straight, I'm educated. There are a lot of people in those stands who are expecting me to do well and are cheering me on. Do I have something to overcome around gender? Absolutely. But there is no doubt that I operate from a place that is far more privileged than others. When we think about the arena, we have to think about factors like race, age, gender, class, sexual orientation, physical ability, and cognitive ability, to name just a few.

I haven't been in a company in five years where people aren't whispering, "This is great, but, um, how do we talk about race?" My response: "You first *listen* about race. You will make a lot of mistakes. It will be super uncomfortable. And there's no way to talk about it without getting some criticism. But you can't be silent." To opt out of conversations about privilege and oppression because they make you uncomfortable is the epitome of privilege.

Silence is not brave leadership, and silence is not a component of brave cultures. Showing up and being courageous around these difficult conversations is not a path you can predetermine. A brave leader is not someone who is armed with all the answers. A brave leader is not someone who can facilitate a flawless discussion on hard topics. A brave leader is someone who says *I see you. I hear you. I don't have all the answers, but I'm going to keep listening and asking questions.* We all have the capacity to do that. We all have the ability to foster empathy. If we want to do good work, it's imperative that we continue to flesh out these harder conversations, to push against secrecy, silence, and judgment. It's the only way to eradicate shame from the workplace, to clear the way for a performance in the arena that correlates with our highest values and not the fearmongers from the stands.

The most important seats in the arena, the ones we need to be able to focus on, especially in difficult times, are reserved for empathy and self-compassion. In the empathy seat, or seats, we just need one or two people who know our values and support our efforts to put them into action. And the self-compassion seat is for us. It's a reminder that if we can't cheer ourselves on, we shouldn't expect others to do it. If we don't make our values priorities, we can't ask others to do it for us.

1. Who is someone who knows your values and supports your efforts to live into them?

- 2. What does support from this person look like?
- What can you do as an act of self-compassion to support yourself in the hard work of living into your values?
- What are the early warning indicators or signs that you're living outside your values?
- What does it feel like when you're living into your values?
- How does living into your two key values shape the way you give and receive feedback?

speaking up can be cruel and even threatening at times. My work empathy seat. The empathy seat belongs to Steve. Even when he work I do without them. who has a public presence. They know that the backlash from that empathy hot seat. It's not always easy to support someone My sisters, and even my kids, now that they're older, are often in I love you. Now let's batten down the hatches and do this thing." he will say, "This is what you have to do. It's who you are and why knows that my taking on an issue will bring stress to our house, team is also a huge part of my empathy section. I couldn't do the I'm lucky because I feel I have an empathy section behind my

setting, and the occasional "No-I don't support this, and here's why." Support looks like love, encouragement, straight talk, boundary

of living into my values is being in physical, spiritual, and emo-It's what I mentioned in the concussion story—the best predictor For me, it's all about sleep, healthy food, exercise, and connection. Self-compassion is an easy list to write, and a hard list to live

mine. It shows up when I stay quiet in order not to piss off someone. $roll\dots this$ is a huge issue for $me\dots$ resentful. Resentment is my barometer and my early warning system. It's the canary in the coal I know I'm living outside my values when I am ... drum

> doors off the hinges when I'm not setting good boundaries. It shows up when I put work before my well-being, and it blows the

mundane, and the sacred camouflaged in the profane." experience the extraordinary in the ordinary, the miraculous in the rience the transcendent in our ordinary life—it's the expectation to to me. Pittman says, "Spirituality is the deep human longing to expebook that you know how much effort and skill it takes to be brave. Episcopal priest, and author whose work has been a tremendous help friend and mentor Pittman McGehee. Pittman is a Jungian analyst, Faith is the same. My favorite definition of spirituality is from my Faith and courage take a lot of work. You are far enough into this

out-of-office automated email reply coming on). When it hits me camouflaged in the profane?"-I'm not quite there yet myself. If you're thinking "Maybe your Twitter fight is the sacred that I'm squandering precious time, I get resentful and mad at busy trying to find the miraculous in the mundane (I feel a new get caught up in some bullshit beef on Twitter with a stranger. I'm My faith requires serious daily practice. I don't have time to

a cold and it's a broken hallelujah." about the tough arena moments, "Love is not a victory march. It's solid. And, usually, tired. To quote Leonard Cohen, as I often do ments. Instead, I look for quiet moments when I feel strong and comes easily, but I've learned as a leader that it's actually the opthe easy thing, but it rarely is. I no longer expect wonderful moposite: I know I'm in my values when a decision is somewhere that we would always know we're in our values when the decision about this question has changed over the years. I used to believe What it feels like when I'm living into my values: How I think between tough and really tough. I wish doing the right thing was

Living into Our Values and Feedback

ing aligned with our values when giving and receiving feedback. One of the biggest challenges we face, especially at work, is stay-

stands the test of the new leadership data as well research we did for that book, and I'm happy to report that it Greatly, which is worth revisiting here. I wrote it based on the I put together the engaged feedback checklist for Daring

space to sit down and give someone feedback? This is a guideline for readiness. Are you in the right head-

next to you rather than across from you. 1. I know I'm ready to give feedback when I'm ready to sit

reflects that we think about relationships as inherently adversar-Often, sitting across from someone is not just about logistics. It power differential going to create more distance. It is also a representation of a there's something huge between you, then a massive desk is only ial. Maybe it's okay to occasionally sit across from someone, but if

it toward you). the problem in front of us rather than between us (or sliding 2. I know I'm ready to give feedback when I'm willing to put

so that you can look at the problem from the same perspective. sitting next to someone and putting the issue in front of both of you, A big lumbering issue between two people is very different than when someone is on your side and helping you through the hurdle to "There's something that needs to change." It is a completely dif-Often, this requires a shift in language from "You are wrong here" rather than pointing out your participation in the problem. ferent physical, cognitive, emotional, and spiritual experience

> stand the issue. 3. I know I'm ready to give feedback when I'm ready to listen, ask questions, and accept that I may not fully under-

questions come up, and if you have questions, please come to me. about this. Can we circle back tomorrow? I'll come to you if more lot of questions. Can you help me understand?" Then dig in, take stead, we must lean into our grounded confidence: "Here's what posed to be facilitating and fact finding from a place of curiosity, Often, in the midst of a feedback session, we forget that we're supnotes, and ask questions, followed by: "I need some time to think certainly don't want to string it along over multiple sessions. Inget this difficult feedback or hard conversation over with, and we it over with, on shoveling one lesson into one session. We want to not lecturing. When we lecture, we're typically focused on getting I'm seeing; here's what I'm making up about what I see. I have a

acknowledge what you do well instead of just picking apart your mistakes. 4. I know I'm ready to give feedback when I'm ready to

and is not coming along according to expectations. In those moat five o'clock." But the latter doesn't serve. I think back to Ken there is a work product or a deliverable that has a tight timeline rious work, though. What does support look like?". executive summary looks pitch perfect. The tables need some setakes two minutes to say "I know this is due at five o'clock, and the is so much more powerful than just angrily listing the mistakes. It Blanchard's wisdom and how catching people doing things right you're dying to cut to the chase with "This is not right, and it's due ments, it doesn't always feel authentic to sit down and say "Hey, Now, this can be tricky. Sometimes there's a crisis, and sometimes thanks for your time. Here are three things you do well" when

strengths and how you can use them to address your chal-5. I know I'm ready to give feedback when I recognize your

single positive quality that this person possesses, then you are not you are in such a state of anger that you cannot come up with a at this, I don't see you applying that skill here, and we need it." If which you explain some of the strengths or things that they do emotionally reactive. in the right headspace to give good feedback until you can be less the small stuff and it makes a big difference in our team. As I look really well that have not been applied to the current situation. I believe a strengths-based feedback style is the best approach, in "One of your great strengths is attention to detail. You do sweat

countable without shaming or blaming. 6. I know I'm ready to give feedback when I can hold you ac-

edge your potential to go to that place, you're in a safer mindset to and make note of where it might get shaming. When you acknowlnever learned. It can be helpful to think through a conversation came in only one of two packages—shame or blame. Giving productive and respectful feedback is a skill set that most of us have Unfortunately, many of us were raised in families where feedback

7. I know I'm ready to give feedback when I'm open to own-

didn't own some part. that required feedback where the person delivering the feedback I mentioned in "The Call to Courage," I've never seen a situation did nothing to contribute to the issue, you're not ready to meet. As If you're not ready to own anything, if you're convinced that you

> thank someone for their efforts rather than just criticizing 8. I know I'm ready to give feedback when I can genuinely them for their failings.

I know that was very difficult, and I think you kicked ass on that.' good job putting a time fence around this project with our clients. feedback with you about that phone call. I think you did a really Look for opportunities to call out the good: "I want to share some

9. I know I'm ready to give feedback when I can talk about how resolving these challenges will lead to growth and op-

sonal growth areas or one of your personal challenges." It's essenyou're talking to. tial to tie what you're observing to what's important for the people change ties directly to what we've talked about as one of your perproductive feedback and career tracking. "What I'm asking you to Be prepared to discuss what needs to change within the context of

vulnerability and openness that I expect to see from you. 10. I know I'm ready to give feedback when I can model the

who is also defensive, guarded, and ready to kick some ass. fensive, guarded, and ready to kick some ass with hard feedback, to a different set of expectations and standards. If you come in dequestions. You have to model the behavior. You can't hold yourself then you had better show up open, curious, vulnerable, and full of If you're expecting someone to operate from a place of receptivity, that feedback will bounce right off someone sitting across from you

how we're going to live into our values while giving and receiving In addition to this readiness checklist, we have to think about

feedback. Before I deliver feedback, whether it's to direct reports, other leaders, or partners outside the business, I think carefully about how I want to show up in the conversation. One of the most painful things we experience in difficult interactions is coming out of our values and stepping out of our integrity.

I always bring my core values to feedback conversations. I specifically bring courage, which means that I don't choose comfort over being respectful and honest—choosing politeness over respect is not respectful. Second, I allow people to have feelings without taking responsibility for those feelings. If I'm sharing something that's difficult, I need to make space for people to feel the way they feel—in contrast to either punishing them for having those feelings because I'm uncomfortable, or trying to caretake and rescue them from their feelings, because that's not courageous, and that's not my job. And it gets in the way of good feedback.

GETTING GOOD AT RECEIVING FEEDBACK

Our core values are relevant here as well, but in a different way. The primary question here is *How do we stay aligned with our values while we're receiving feedback, regardless of the skill of the person delivering it?*

One of the most difficult through-lines of our lives is that we are on the receiving end of feedback starting at birth: parents, teachers, clergy, coaches, college professors, and then those thirty or forty years of bosses, managers, and colleagues. Giving good feedback is a skill and some do it well. Others do not.

We have to be able to take feedback—regardless of how it's delivered—and apply it productively. We have to do this for a simple reason: Mastery requires feedback. I don't care what we're trying to master—and whether we're trying to develop greatness or proficiency—it always requires feedback.

Receiving feedback is tricky for several reasons. One, we might be receiving feedback from someone who lacks delivery skills. Two, we might be at the hands of a skilled person, but we don't know their intentions. Three, unlike when we're giving feedback and we schedule it and know precisely what we're going to say or do, when we're receiving feedback, we can sometimes be taken off guard. Someone calls us into their office, or we pick up the phone and it's a client, and they say, "Hey, we're looking at the pitch you all submitted. We think it sucks, and it's so far off brief, and we can't believe you think we're going to spend this much money with you." And that's feedback. Does it feel productive? Is it easy to stay open and receptive to it? Not so much after we hear the word sucks.

But there are several tactics that can help. When receiving feedback, we can identify a value-supporting behavior or a piece of self-talk to help in the moment. Here's mine: When I'm receiving feedback, and I want to stay aligned with my value of courage, I say to myself, "I'm brave enough to listen." I actually put it on repeat: "I'm brave enough to listen. I don't have to take it all in or add it to my load, but I'm brave enough to listen."

Another thing I repeat to myself, particularly when I'm sitting across from, or with, someone who does not have great feedback delivery skills, is "There's something valuable here, there's something valuable here. Take what works and leave the rest."

The third thing I repeat to myself, even if the person who is offering feedback is skilled and it's a productive conversation, but I'm still reeling because it's hard to hear, is "This is the path to mastery, this is the path to mastery," or "These people care about this as much as I do." I get feedback all the time about my speaking style, or what I'm wearing onstage, or how I'm coming across in a video. I have to remind myself that the person who is offering it has in mind the best interest of what we're trying to create. I

when the hard things are happening. stay embedded in my value of courage by the way I talk to myself

be calm, respectful, listen, don't get discouraged, keep asking "I show up how I would want my niece to watch me showing up; shows up when receiving feedback, and her response moved me: understand." I asked a woman whose core value is family how she learning, or use the knowledge I already have to improve or better hearing, because I know I can take this feedback and turn it into a standing himself better: "I always stay curious about what I'm core value explained that feedback is an essential lever for under-A man who took one of our courses and cites knowledge as a

just going to mutter, "Mm-hmm, mm-hmm, got it." shut down," I'm not going to hear anything you're telling me, I'm If my body is saying, "This doesn't feel safe or good, you'd better in you is likely wanting to shut down in a strategy of disconnection. Achieving this is a huge success in and of itself because everything It also takes practice to stay present and avoid being defensive

story," "They aren't seeing the big picture"). Emotional signs: feeling anxious, frustrated, overwhelmed. what you don't agree with ("They haven't heard my side of the hands in pockets), dry mouth. Thought patterns: listening for became defensive. Physical signs: arms folded over chest (or Think back to a recent feedback conversation in which you

sition how we show up so that we can lean into curiosity, ask quessuggest making time to talk about the issue later. conversation. If we're truly overwhelmed, we need to be able to tions, learn the other person's perspective, and slow down the that we work to develop behaviors and self-talk phrases that repo-If we find ourselves in this position frequently, it is important

tening, integrating feedback, and reflecting it back with account-The ultimate goal in receiving feedback: a skillful blend of lis-

> spectful and brave. I can only hear so much right now." That is productive and reback and talk through the other issues, I'm willing to do that, but can pick one of these and dig into it, and then make time to come it's okay to say: "You know what, I'm overloaded right now. If we these things I'm not doing well, or all the ways in which I've failed, sitting there getting hard feedback, feeling overwhelmed by all gives us power in both the giving and receiving of feedback. If I'm ability. Being able to fully acknowledge and hold the discomfort

okay, but we're going to have to find a different way to do this becurious," then that itself is daring, and that in itself is a win. stayed connected, I stayed courageous, I stayed authentic, I stayed age. Ask for more time; ask to circle back; ask them to say more. cause I'm just defending myself." For me, that aligns with courfrom hearing what you're saying. I get that you're pissed, that's to say "I need a break" or "The way you're acting is keeping me When you can walk out of a difficult feedback session and say "I Because of my core value of courage, I give myself permission

and insights they need to reduce traffic congestion, make intellicity technology company that provides cities with the data, tools, Natalie Dumond, the chief culture officer at Miovision, a smart culture that works. It's a powerful example of how it's possible to create a feedback gent urban planning decisions, and improve safety on their roads. To close this section on feedback, I want to share a story from

Natalie writes:

we started on this journey we implemented long-winded and offer valuable perspectives for each employee. When more specifically, performance feedback—have meaning years to find a way to make performance management— Like many organizations, Miovision has struggled for

ious about what was being said about them. passive-aggressive behaviors and make employees anxally incorporated 360 reviews, which seemed to promote competencies. After the form was established we eventuperformance forms with star rating systems and lists of

curiosity, positive intent, and self-awareness. out the organization. Behaviors like trust, vulnerability, program wasn't working, and it wasn't adding meaning or versations entirely or executing them poorly. Overall, the police the program to ensure everyone was participating. ing or promoting the behaviors we wanted to see throughvalue for the employees. The program also wasn't cultivatconversations. As a result, they were avoiding the con-To make it worse, leaders weren't equipped to have hard Human resources and team leaders were having to

tions lead to growth and skills to say the hard things to their peers, and where and sought out feedback from their colleagues one-on-one. was to create a culture of trust built through courageous leaders see the value in candor and how difficult conversaback and growth became everyone's responsibility. Our goal something radical and vulnerable. We put the employees in management system, we decided to strip it all away and do We envisioned a culture where employees have the courage feedback, where employees leaned into their vulnerability the driver's seat, with their leads riding shotgun, and feed-After years of trying to find a meaningful performance

and it's now a part of our culture. A lot of the vision and Leadership program, especially our focus on courageous inspiration behind this program came from Brene's Daring We were successful in implementing this approach,

> trust, curiosity, positive intent, and self-awareness, a culreceive daring feedback. This is how we build a culture of with courage and heart, and we teach them how to give and skills. We continue to train employees and leaders to lead we had to teach and encourage appropriate vulnerability requires getting to the heart of issues, with heart, and that feedback. That work taught us that meaningful feedback

leagues while cultivating a growth mindset. formance, and create authentic relationships with their colcan coach them. We truly want employees to own their perlearned from their peers with their leaders, so the leaders them to lean into the feedback and share what they have want to integrate the feedback they receive. We encourage whole process is run by the employee, including how they is anonymous, hard conversations are the norm, and this with their colleagues on a continual basis; where nothing management program where employees share feedback Today, what you will see at Miovision is a performance

all employees, and encourages everyone to lean into their are equipped to have hard conversations. We've found that tion, it's incredibly liberating to have employees own their and feels like. We offer workshops to employees where this approach builds and promotes the right behaviors for ful when you set your leaders up to be strong coaches who own performance and feedback, and it's incredibly powerhelp strengthen their "feedback muscle." As an organizathey practice giving feedback to each other in real time to leaders and employees on what courageous feedback looks A major key to the success of our program is training

new and had been struggling with a sense of belonging in our culto understand their values. One of my direct reports was relatively realized that you don't really know people until you take the time answers to the questions from the last section with one another, I after we spent a morning sharing our two values and some of the teams. I pride myself on being connected to the people I lead. But ture. I tried various things but nothing seemed to really move the Sharing values is a massive trust and connection builder for KNOW MY VALUES = KNOW ME. NO VALUES = NO ME.

enjoy it as much as she does. It made a big difference for her and in our relationship. tions too, but I didn't do them on a regular basis. Now I do, and up on our lives outside work. So easy. I love these small connecexample, checking in and saying hello in the morning, or catching tions, not just connecting, on work issues as colleagues. For values is connection. She identified one of the behaviors that supports that value as taking the time to make small, human connec-During our values-sharing exercise, I learned that one of her

questions because he didn't trust me, or because he thought his big risks or make large investments in new businesses, I made dants. But honestly, I had no idea. And when I wanted to take makes sense—he's your CFO and one of your closest confijob was to talk me out of stuff. When I learned that it was his up the story that he was pushing back and asking a million ues is financial stability. Now, you're probably thinking, That shifts. During our values exercise, I learned that one of his valful ad agency to come work with me, there were some difficult was possible. But when he left his job as CFO at a very successeach other for so long, I wasn't sure that any more connecting tionship was with my friend Chaz. To be honest, we've known Another example of how value sharing strengthened a rela-

> until we know their values. I could cry just writing about this. We don't fully see people came one of my favorite things about him. I trust him so much value—not just his job—I wanted to cry. In that moment it be-

of the two days, we all wrote down on each poster one reason ing from a book. At the beginning of the two-day event, every end state of their team, incorporating two to three learnings to close out the year. We did a companywide read and asked world, some of whom have worked together for twenty-plus It was beautiful. I still have mine. It's hanging in my study as a we appreciated that person and how they live into their values. person wrote their two values on a large poster. Over the course integrating and teaching others is the best way to embed learnfrom the book. It was a very university-professor moveevery team to do a twenty-minute presentation on the yearcases friends', values. Last year we did a really great exercise years and were shocked to learn their colleagues', or in many I've done this exercise with leadership groups all over the

THE VALUES OPERATIONALIZINATOR

rated, a company committed to wreaking havoc and asserting his rule across the entire tri-state area. in Drusselstein, he's the founder of Doofenshmirtz Evil Incorpo-My all-time favorite innovator is Dr. Heinz Doofenshmirtz. Born

you don't watch this cartoon, you should. Heinz Doofenshmirtz and Ferb (2007-2015, RIP), you know who I'm talking about. If the uninitiated: -inator. Here are a few examples or a little catch-up-inator for Doofenshmirtz is that all of his inventions are suffixed with is one of many awesome characters. My favorite thing about If you or your kids are fans of the Disney cartoon Phineas

virtually everywhere in the tri-state area. Pop-Up-inator-trying to place his own evil pop-up ads

Salt-Water-Taffy-inator-trying to give all kids in the bird-monster that can help him take over the tri-state area tri-state area cavities. Dodo-Bird-Incubator-inator-trying to create a fierce

that refused to serve him. Chicken-Soup-inator—trying to put a deli out of business

widely adopted organizational values. of several hundred behaviors that ladder up to some of the most giant funnel or even a cool algorithm (yet), but we do have a bank taught, observed, and evaluated. We don't have a machine with a tionalize their values into skills-based behaviors that can be companies that we work with have asked us to help them operateam and I have created a values operationalizinator. Many of the While I would never try to compete with Doofenshmirtz, my

into the following values: Brené Brown Education and Research Group, we are called to live Let me give you an example from our own organization. At

Take good care. Serve the work. Be brave.

we identify strengths and opportunities for growth, areas where on-one conversations throughout the year. In these conversations their manager separately, and then compared in a series of oneuated on a Likert scale (5-1), always to never) by the employee and are all held accountable for demonstrating. Each behavior is eval-Each of these has been operationalized into behaviors that we

> ing or help to others. people need coaching, and places where they might offer mentor-

this book. Here is an example of three behaviors that support that "Be brave" is tied to the courage-building work presented in

- I set clear boundaries with others.
- I lean into difficult conversations, meetings, and decisions.
- I talk to people, not about them.

iors are: "Serve the work" is about stewardship. Three of these behav-

- I take responsibility for our community's and consumers' experience.
- I am responsible for the energy I bring to situations, so I work to stay positive.
- · I take ownership of adapting to the fast pace of this environment.

and each other: "Take good care" has to do with how we take care of ourselves

- I treat my colleagues with respect and compassion by responding when appropriate in a timely and professional
- I practice gratitude with my team and colleagues.
- I am mindful of other people's time.

and makes them real and actionable. Clear is kind. Unclear is un-You can see how this process takes lofty and subjective values

In addition to setting clear expectations, the process gives us shared language and a well-defined culture. It helps us determine cultural fit during hiring, and offers us very straightforward standards of behavior when there are non-performance-related issues.

Operationalized values also drive productive decision making. When values aren't clear, we can easily become paralyzed—or, just as dangerous, we become too impulsive. Operationalized values drive what I think of as the sweet spot of decision making: thoughtful and decisive.

Melinda Gates, who has shared some of her daring leadership experiences with us throughout the book, writes:

It's much easier to deal with conflicts when you are able to engage your team in a values conversation. People, and I include Bill and myself, can get attached to specific tactics. But when you're forced to tie those tactics to core values and then explain them to others, you are better able to question your own assumptions and help others question theirs. At the foundation, our guiding principle is equity. So when we disagree about, say, whether we should spend more on delivering imperfect tools to save lives now or discovering better tools to save more lives later, we can always go back to how each of those tactics aligns with the core value of equity.

The thing is, there's not a correct answer to any of these debates. Each side has merit. But making my case through the lens of equity gives me a sense of solidity about what I feel and why I feel it. Sometimes we go in a different direction from what I initially suggested, but it's usually okay because I understand how other people see their preferences advancing equity. A values focus just leads to a much more

productive conversation—and a feeling of satisfaction, of being heard, no matter what decisions those conversations lead to.

Operationalizing values also forces us to get clear on the skills or combination of skills that undergird values. A great example of this is the value of "assumption of positive intent." This is a very popular value that we see adopted across diverse organizations. It basically means that we will extend the most generous interpretation possible to the intentions, words, and actions of others.

Well, it sounds straightforward enough, but I've studied positive intent for years, and I can tell you that it's a skill set that is not easy to learn and practice. I can also tell you that I've never once seen the actual skill set that supports an assumption of positive intent explicated or taught in an organization that holds this as a value. What's the foundational skill of assuming the best in people? Setting and maintaining boundaries. What's the fundamental belief underpinning the assumption of positive intent? That people are doing the best they can. We're going to take these one at a time, but from the get-go you should know that most people don't have the skills to set boundaries, and only about 50 percent of the people we've interviewed believe that people are doing the best they can. So, as you can see, it's easy to have the value on the company poster, but way more difficult to practice it. Let's look at boundary setting first.

The people who are the most generous in their assumptions of others have the clearest boundaries. The most compassionate and generous people I've interviewed in my career are the most boundaried. It turns out that we assume the worst about people's intentions when they're not respectful of our boundaries: It is easy to believe that they are trying to disappoint us on purpose.

However, we can be very compassionate toward people who acknowledge and respect what's okay and what's not.

This is why we actually call this value Living BIG (boundaries, integrity, and generosity). The assumption of positive intent is only sustainable when people ask themselves this question:

What boundaries need to be in place for me to be in my integrity and generous with my assumptions about the intentions, words, and actions of others?

When you have a value printed on posters hanging in the halls but you don't dig into the behaviors that support it and teach people those behaviors, you're in BS territory. It starts to corrode trust.

In addition to boundaries, an assumption of positive intent relies on the core belief that people are doing the best they can with what they've got, versus that people are lazy, disengaged, and maybe even trying to piss us off on purpose. Sure, we're all capable of change and growth, but assuming positive intent requires the belief that people are really trying in that moment.

I've spent years researching this idea. When you ask people if they believe that everyone is doing the best they can, you get either an emphatic "Hell no," from people who are as tough on themselves as they are on other people, or a quasi-apologetic "Well, I actually do believe that," from people who are stronger practitioners of self-compassion and empathy. I think the apologetic tone comes from knowing that theirs is not a popular sentiment in the world today. There is very little between those answers, and as a former "Hell no" person, I hate to report that in the early studies, the people we categorized as practicing wholeheartedness were constantly in the "Yes, people are doing the best they can" camp and those who actively struggled with perfectionism, like me, were in the "No, they are not" camp. With our new

focus on daring leadership, the pattern holds. Daring leaders work from the assumption that people are doing the best they can; leaders struggling with ego, armor, and/or a lack of skills do not make that assumption.

Ultimately, Steve's response moved me from my staunch "Hell no" position. When I asked him if he believed that people are doing the best they can with what they have, he said, "I don't think you can ever know for certain. But I do know that my life is better when I work from the assumption that everyone is doing the best they can."

In *Rising Strong,* I shared the outcome of an exercise I sometimes do with people. I want to share it with you here because it really drives home the point. For the exercise, we ask folks to write down the name of someone who fills them with frustration, disappointment, and/or resentment, and then we propose the idea that that person is doing the best they can. The responses have been wide-ranging. "Crap," one man said. "If he's really doing the best he can, I'm a total jerk, and I need to stop harassing him and start helping him." One woman said, "If this was true and my mother was doing the best she can, I would be grief-stricken. I'd rather be angry than sad, so it's easier to believe she's letting me down on purpose than to grieve the fact that my mother is never going to be who I need her to be."

Asking leaders to answer this question is almost always difficult because they quickly move to believing that if people are doing the best they can, they don't know how to lead them. Their strategies of pushing and grinding on the same issues must give way to the difficult tasks of teaching their team, reassessing their skill gaps, reassigning them, or letting them go.

As crazy as it sounds, many of us will choose to stay in the resentment, disappointment, and frustration that come with be-

lieving people aren't trying rather than face a difficult conversation about real deficits. One of the most profound responses to this exercise came out of a focus group I did with a group of leaders at West Point. One officer pushed me a little on "the accuracy of the intel" and kept asking, "You are 100 percent certain that this person is doing the best he can?"

After I answered yes two or three times, the officer took a deep breath and said, "Then move the rock."

I was confused. "What do you mean by 'move the rock'?"

He shook his head. "I have to stop kicking the rock. I need to move it. It's hurting both of us. He's not the right person for this position, and there's no amount of pushing or getting on him that's going to change that. He needs to be reassigned to a position where he can make a contribution."

Assuming positive intent does *not* mean that we stop helping people set goals or that we stop expecting people to grow and change. It's a commitment to stop respecting and evaluating people based solely on what we think they should accomplish, and start respecting them for who they are and holding them accountable for what they're actually doing. And when we're overwhelmed and struggling, it also means turning those positive assumptions toward ourselves: *I'm doing the very best I can right now*.

The behaviors and skills that support seemingly simple values are not always as complex as those that undergird the assumption of positive intent; however, they are almost always more complex than what we assume. If we want to be values-driven, we have to operationalize our values into behaviors and skills that are teachable and observable. And we have to do the difficult work of holding ourselves and others accountable for showing up in a way aligned with those values.

In the next part, you'll see more work from the operationalizinator as we break down the concept of trust. For now, it's impor-

tant to remember that there are no guarantees in the arena. We will struggle. We will even fail. There will be darkness. But if we are clear about the values that guide us in our efforts to show up and be seen, we will always be able to find the light. We will know what it means to live brave.